

Liebe Schueler/innen!

Sicher habt ihr es schon gelesen: Die ZP sind nach hinten verschoben worden. Trotzdem muss eure Vorbereitung laufen.

1. Die Wiederholung der Vokabeln geht weiter.
2. Ihr solltet mit Hilfe euer Lehrbuecher auch die Grammatik schwerpunktmaeßig wiederholen.

Wer die alten Bücher nicht mehr hat, muss im Netz nach entsprechenden Links suchen.

Ich habe euch Uebungsmaterial beigefügt.

3. Weiter die alten ZP durcharbeiten (Pauker Hefte oder andere).

Ansonsten: Haltet euch tapfer und bleibt gesund. Alle Partys muessen auf spaetere Zeitpunkte verschoben werden.

Eure

H. Dahlmanns

Worksheet Grammar Revision – Final Test

Active – Passive

1. Put into the passive voice!

1. The detective found the criminals.
2. The doctor has just examined him.
3. We have never used this machine.
4. The secretary is just typing the letter.
5. I painted them.
6. The teachers will give us the reports next week.
7. The headmaster interviews me.
8. After Carter had discovered the Egyptian grave, he became famous.
9. He said he would repair it.
10. The police arrested her.
11. My friend offered me a coke.
12. The stewardess showed us the emergency exits.

2. Put into the active voice!

1. The light bulb was invented by Thomas Edison.
2. A new children's home will be opened by Lady Diana next week.
3. Madame Tussaud's is visited by many tourists every day.
4. These rooms haven't been used by Lady Nobel for years.
5. Shakespeare's Globe Theatre in London is just being rebuilt.
6. I was introduced by the host.
7. This machine cannot be repaired by anyone.
8. This pullover can be washed in the washing machine.
9. A lot of profit will be made by the company.
10. Dogs must be kept on a lead by their owners.

Gerund

1. Change the sentences by using gerunds!

1. He says that he makes mistakes. (He admits ...)
2. Perhaps I am going to change my hair colour. (I am considering ...)
3. When I see sweets I have to eat them. (I can't resist ...)
4. I do not like it when people smoke. (I dislike ...)
5. John cannot go out. He must learn for a test. (He is busy ...)
6. His idea was to spend the evening at home. (He suggested ...)

2. Shorten the sentences by using prepositions + gerund!

1. The boys wanted to make some extra money. The did a paper round. (by)
2. My mother always locks all the doors before she leaves the house. (before)
3. She leaves the house. She doesn't take an umbrella. (without)
4. He listened to his father's advice. He made the same mistake again. (in spite of)
5. He heard about the terrible accident. She was very upset. (on)
6. First he finished his work, the he went home. (after)
7. Sam thanked his brother. He had helped Sam.(for)

3. Infinitive or gerund?

1. „Would you like (to come)..... to the cinema with us?“
2. „I usually like (to go) to the cinema but I would prefer (to stay) at home today.
3. I don't want (to be) rude but at the moment I am busy (to prepare) for my exams.
4. I am very interested in (to see) the new film, though.
5. Everybody says it's worth (to see)
6. Unfortunately, I won't have a chance (to go) to the cinema in the next time because I am not very good at (to learn)

4. Translate the following text by using the infinitive or the gerund.

Henry Ford war schon als kleiner Junge interessiert daran Uhren und Motoren zu reparieren. Sein Vater wollte jedoch, dass er Landwirt werden sollte. Mit 18 ging Ford nach Detroit, um Mechaniker zu werden. Er war begeistert von der Idee, ein eigenes Auto zu bauen. Er hörte auf, Autos zu reparieren, und fühlte sich 1899 erfahren genug, seine eigene Firma zu gründen. Sein Plan war, ein billiges Auto zu bauen. Er war der erste, der die Massenproduktion einführte. Er bereute es nie, nicht Landwirt geworden zu sein, denn sein Modell T machte ihn zum reichen Mann.

If-Clauses: Fill in the right tenses!

1. If he had more friends, he (not to sit) at home every weekend.
2. Peter will buy the bike if he (to get) the holiday job.
3. I (not to go) if you had warned me.
4. If our class wins the competition, we (to get) a prize.
5. If I hadn't been so late, I (not to forget) the keys.
6. If I were 16, I (may go)..... out until midnight.
7. John (cannot do)..... it if George had not helped him.
8. The pupil said that he (must do) his homework if he wanted to visit his friend.
9. We (cannot see) the sun if we don't climb out of the cave.
10. If I had enough money, I (can buy) the poster.

Put into the indirect speech!

1. The lady said: „I have just visited my daughter.“
2. „I went to a concert last Saturday“, George told me.
3. Jim told me: „Leave the room!“
4. Jack asked me: „Did you tell John anything about my new job?“
5. Mary wanted to know: „What did you do in Memphis a week ago?“
6. The photographer asks us: „Smile!“
7. My classmate asked me: „Can I borrow your pen?“
8. Mrs Penn said to her son: „We are going to buy a dog.“
9. Mrs Burton told her husband: „I will go to Cologne tomorrow morning.“
10. The girls asks: „When does the film start?“

Relative Clauses

1. Put in the correct relative pronoun (who, whose, which). Make a contact clause if possible.

1. That is the mother son only writes bad tests.
2. Nobody can understand how horrible the film was I saw last week.

3. Look at that man is standing at the corner of the road.
4. He is wearing a blue jacket is far too big for him.
5. Nobody can tell me car it was belonged to the Pope.
6. Do you know Betty sister married a millionaire?
7. Can you introduce me to that handsome gentleman is standing at the bar?
8. That is the most beautiful painting I have ever seen.
9. Can you tell me bag it is?
10. I found the rabbits the man had hidden behind the dust bin.

2. Combine the sentences by using relative clauses or contact clauses if possible.

1. Look at Henry. He is mowing the lawn.
2. Betty, Becky and Betsy are sisters. Their mother works in the hospital.
3. Can I borrow this novel from you. It is written by Henry Miller.
4. We attend Haywood School. Somebody wrote an article about it in the newspaper.
5. This is Noah. His father is said to be a great tennis champion.
6. Can you help my grandmother into her wheelchair. It is standing near the door.
7. Look, that is Mr Smith over there! He teaches my son in Maths.
8. John works in the United States last year. John married the Beauty Queen of Texas.
9. I haven't found my bike yet. Someone stole it last week.
10. There is Michael Schumacher. His Ferrari didn't win in the last races.

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